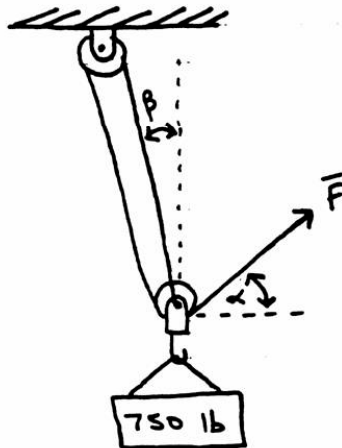


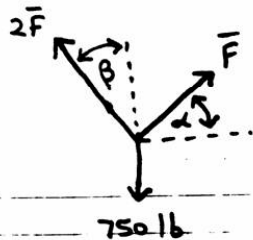
SAMPLE Computer Solution

Problem 2.C2 A 750-lb crate is supported by the rope-and-pulley arrangement shown. Write a computer program which can be used to determine, for a given value of β , the magnitude and direction of the force F which should be exerted on the free end of the rope. Use this program to calculate F and α for values of β from 0 to 30° at 5° intervals.



Solution:

Free Body Diagram: (lower pulley)



$$\Sigma F_x = 0 = F \cos \alpha - 2F \sin \beta$$

$$\cos \alpha = 2 \sin \beta$$

$$\alpha = \cos^{-1}(2 \sin \beta)$$

$$\Sigma F_y = 0 = F \sin \alpha + 2F \cos \beta - 750$$

$$F(\sin \alpha + 2 \cos \beta) = 750$$

$$F = \frac{750}{\sin \alpha + 2 \cos \beta}$$

Now write a computer program to solve the 2 boxed equations above for $\beta = 0$ to 30° in 5° increments.

Sample Computer Solution Using MATHCAD

John Doe
 EGR 140
 Statics
 Filename: N1402C2.MCD

Problem 2.C2

A 750-lb crate is supported by the rope-and-pulley arrangement shown. Write a computer program which can be used to determine, for a given value of β , the magnitude and direction of the force F which should be exerted on the free end of the rope. Use this program to calculate F and α for values of β from 0 to 30 degrees in 5 degree intervals.

Solution: See additional sheet for Free Body Diagram and development of equations.

$$\beta := 0, 5 .. 30 \text{ degrees}$$

$$\alpha(\beta) := \text{acos}\left(2 \cdot \sin\left(\beta \cdot \frac{\pi}{180}\right)\right) \text{ radians} \quad (\text{Note: } \beta \text{ was converted to radians})$$

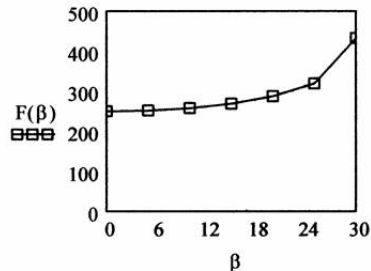
$$F(\beta) := \frac{750}{2 \cdot \cos\left(\beta \cdot \frac{\pi}{180}\right) + \sin(\alpha(\beta))}$$

$$\alpha_{\text{deg}}(\beta) := \alpha(\beta) \cdot \frac{180}{\pi} \text{ degrees}$$

$\beta =$	es	$\alpha_{\text{deg}}(\beta) =$ degrees	$F(\beta) =$
0		90.0	250.0
5		80.0	251.9
10		69.7	258.0
15		58.8	269.1
20		46.8	287.5
25		32.3	319.6
30		0.0	433.0

Produce graphs to illustrate how F and α vary with β :

Force F versus angle β



Angle α versus angle β

