

HW #2 – Inverse Laplace Transforms

Reading Assignment:

Ch. 12, Sect. 1-9 in *Electric Circuits, 9th Edition* by Nilsson

Lathi: Chapter 4, Sections 1-3

Lathi: Sections B.5

Handout: Laplace Transform Properties and Common Laplace Transform Pairs

Lecture notes

Notes:

- Avoid using calculators or software to find Laplace Transforms in this assignment since they will not be allowed on the test.
- Use the assigned **Problem Format** specified (refer to HW #1 or see web page for an example).

Problem Assignment:

1. Work the following problems from Ch. 12 of *Electric Circuits, 9th Edition* by Nilsson: 41 (parts a, b, c, d only), 42 (parts a, c only)

2. If $f(t) = 4e^{-2t}u(t)$ and $g(t) = 2\cos(3t)u(t)$, determine $f(t) * g(t)$ using Laplace transforms.

3. Find the inverse Laplace transform of the following functions:

$$\text{A) } F(s) = \frac{6se^{-2s}}{s^2 + 4s + 3} \quad \text{B) } F(s) = 2e^{-4s} \quad \text{C) } F(s) = \frac{8e^{-3s}}{s^2} \quad \text{D) } F(s) = \frac{20se^{-8s}}{s^2 + 6s + 25}$$

MATLAB Problems (Extra Credit):

Put all problems in a single MATLAB program with an initial block of comments (name, course assignment number, etc) and add a comment identifying each part. Include a printout of the program and the output. Check your results to make sure that they are correct.

- 1) Use the *residue()* function in MATLAB to find the residues for problem 41 (parts a, b, c, d only).
- 2) Use the *ilaplace()* function in MATLAB to find the inverse Laplace transform for problem 41 (parts a, b, c, d only).
- 3) Use the *ilaplace()* function in MATLAB to find the inverse Laplace transform for problem 3 above (all parts).

Selected Answers:

$$12.42a) \quad f(t) = 5\delta(t) + [12e^{-2t} - 4e^{-4t}]u(t)$$

$$2) \quad f(t) = \frac{8}{13}[-2e^{-2t} + 2\cos(3t) + 3\sin(3t)]u(t)$$

- 3) A) $f(t) = [-3e^{-(t-2)} + 9e^{-3(t-2)}]u(t-2)$
B) $f(t) = 2\delta(t-4)$
C) $f(t) = 8(t-3)^2u(t-3)$
D) $f(t) = e^{-3(t-8)}[20\cos[4(t-8)] - 15\sin[4(t-8)]]u(t-8)$